

Supplementary Information for

Pressure-induced amorphization and existence of molecular and polymeric amorphous forms in dense SO₂

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Supplementary text Figs. S1 to S11

Supporting Information Text

Cif file of molecular Pc structure at 8 GPa

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data_SO2
_symmetry_space_group_name_H-M Pc
_cell_length_a 5.46750252
_cell_length_b 4.57591917
_cell_length_c 6.09164881
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_cell_angle_beta 91.17699948
_cell_angle_gamma 90.0000000
_symmetry_Int_Tables_number 7
_chemical_formula_structural SO2
_chemical_formula_sum 'S4 08'
_cell_volume 152.37388900
_cell_formula_units_Z 4
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 _symmetry_equiv_pos_as_xyz
 1 'x, y, z'
  2 'x, -y, z+1/2'
loop_
 _atom_site_type_symbol
 _atom_site_label
 _atom_site_symmetry_multiplicity
 _atom_site_fract_x
 _atom_site_fract_y
 _atom_site_fract_z
 _atom_site_occupancy
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  S S1 2 0.554690 0.319303 0.022006 1
  0 \quad 02 \quad 2 \quad 0.212369 \quad 0.357258 \quad 0.579873 \quad 1 \\
  0 \quad 03 \quad 2 \quad 0.486078 \quad 0.129163 \quad 0.201626 \quad 1 \\
  0 \quad 04 \quad 2 \quad 0.714298 \quad 0.439791 \quad 0.592999 \quad 1 \\
  0 \quad 05 \quad 2 \quad 0.979235 \quad 0.065598 \quad 0.948884 \quad 1
```

```
Cif file of molecular Cc structure at 8 GPa
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_cell_angle_beta 91.32959352
_cell_angle_gamma 90.0000000
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_chemical_formula_sum 'S4 08'
_cell_volume 152.59195435
_cell_formula_units_Z 4
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  4 'x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2'
loop_
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 _atom_site_label
 _atom_site_symmetry_multiplicity
 _atom_site_fract_x
 _atom_site_fract_y
 _atom_site_fract_z
 _atom_site_occupancy
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 0 \quad 01 \quad 4 \quad 0.312632 \quad 0.016098 \quad 0.627813 \quad 1 \\
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```

```
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_chemical_formula_sum 'S4 08'
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_cell_formula_units_Z 4
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_symmetry_equiv_pos_as_xyz
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 3 '-x, y, z'
  4 'x, -y, z+1/2'
loop_
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 _atom_site_label
 _atom_site_symmetry_multiplicity
 _atom_site_fract_x
 _atom_site_fract_y
 _atom_site_fract_z
 _atom_site_occupancy
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 S S1 2 0.500000 0.124891 0.518103 1
  0 \quad 02 \quad 4 \quad 0.249538 \quad 0.140077 \quad 0.082940 \quad 1
  0 \quad 03 \quad 2 \quad 0.000000 \quad 0.396266 \quad 0.444518 \quad 1
  0 \quad 04 \quad 2 \quad 0.500000 \quad 0.321387 \quad 0.715802 \quad 1
```

Cif file of polymeric $Pmc2_1$ structure at 20 GPa

Cif file of polymeric Ama2 structure at 20 GPa

```
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                               Ama2
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_cell_length_c 3.34441440
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_cell_angle_beta 90.0000000
_cell_angle_gamma 90.0000000
_symmetry_Int_Tables_number 40
_chemical_formula_structural SO2
_chemical_formula_sum 'S4 08'
_cell_volume 118.66618719
_cell_formula_units_Z 4
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 _symmetry_equiv_pos_as_xyz
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 2 '-x, -y, z'
 3'-x+1/2, y, z'
  4 'x+1/2, -y, z'
 5 'x, y+1/2, z+1/2'
 6 '-x, -y+1/2, z+1/2'
 7 '-x+1/2, y+1/2, z+1/2'
  8 'x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2'
loop_
 _atom_site_type_symbol
 _atom_site_label
 _atom_site_symmetry_multiplicity
 _atom_site_fract_x
_atom_site_fract_y
_atom_site_fract_z
 _atom_site_occupancy
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 0 \quad 01 \quad 4 \quad 0.000000 \quad 0.000000 \quad 0.314210 \quad 1
 0 02 4 0.250000 0.225978 0.818247 1
```



Fig. S1. Raman spectra of solid SO₂. Selected Raman spectra of an SO₂ sample upon increasing pressure at 210 K.



Fig. S2. Static structure factor of solid SO₂ during compression (see also the decompression structure factor in Fig. 2 B (main paper)).



Fig. S3. Simulation protocol: red is preparation of amorphous SO₂ sample by heating perfect *Aea2* molecular crystal to 600 K and subsequent cooling to 0 K. Then, amorphous sample was compressed with 10 GPa steps (black) and after reaching 60 GPa decompressed (green) with the reversed procedure.



Fig. S4. Density of equilibrated SO₂ samples from simulations. Solid line represents density during compression and dashed line during decompression.



Fig. S5. Partial structure factors $S_{\alpha\beta}(Q)$ from compression at pressures from 10 to 60 GPa with 10 GPa steps through A to F.

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Fig. S6. Partial VDOS from compression for pressures form 10 to 60 GPa with 10 GPa steps (from A to F).

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Fig. S7. Evolution of relative enthalpy (per formula unit with respect to the reference $P2_1/c$ structure) with pressure calculated for selected crystal structures found by evolutionary search. Below 1 GPa the stable structure is the experimentally observed *Aea2* molecular crystal and between 1 and 11 GPa a $P2_1/c$ molecular crystal is stable. Two metastable molecular crystal structures, *Cc* and *Pc* transform above 13 and 17 GPa, respectively, into polymeric structures with space groups *Ama2* and *Pmc2*₁. The latter structures become thermodynamically stable with respect to the molecular ones already at 11 GPa. The grey line represents amorphous SO₂, which is at all pressures metastable with respect to the crystalline phases. Molecular phases are represented by dashed lines with empty circles while polymeric phases are shown as solid lines with filled circles. The limit of dynamical stability of molecular phases upon compression and of polymeric phases upon decompression is marked by an asterisk. Transformations from molecular to polymeric phases are shown as dotted lines with arrows.



Fig. S8. Selected crystalline structures of SO₂ found by evolutionary search. First row: Aea2 0 GPa (left) and P2₁/c 1 GPa (right), second row Pc 0 GPa (left) and Pmc2₁ 20 GPa (right), bottom row Cc 0 GPa (left) and Ama2 20 GPa (right).

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Fig. S9. Mechanism of polymerization of molecular crystal upon compression as illustrated by evolution of short S-O distances with pressure for *Cc* to *Ama2* (upper panel) and *Pc* to *Pmc2*₁ (lower panel) transformations. Both transformations start from molecular crystals with SO₂ molecules with equal bond lengths. As pressure increases, SO₂ molecules rotate and one oxygen starts to move towards neighbouring sulfur from another molecule, resulting in unequal SO bond lengths within the molecule (cyan and blue curves). While the shorter one remains practically unchanged and results in S=O bond to terminal oxygen (blue curve), the longer one (cyan curve) grows and eventually becomes an S-O bond to bridging oxygen (red curve). At the same time the intermolecular S-O distance (green curve) (originally longer than 2 Å) dramatically decreases, eventually also resulting in creation of S-O bond to the bridging oxygen (red curve). The process is completed at 14 GPa for *Ama2* and 18 GPa for *Pmc2*₁, where the double bond is replaced by a single one and polymeric chain is formed, with S=O bond length of 1.46 Å and S-O bond length of 1.65 Å. We note that in the amorphous molecular phase the approaching of non-bonded S O atoms upon compression can be seen on the shift of the peak between 2 and 3 Å in the RDF in Fig. 3 A (main paper).



Fig. S10. Total and projected electronic density of states of the Cc molecular phase at 9 GPa (upper panel) and Ama2 polymeric phase at 14 GPa (lower panel). The occupancy of d-orbitals is zero. Energy is measured relative to the Fermi level.

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Fig. S11. Comparison of the experimental XRD pattern from decompression to 6.5 GPa (red curve) with the calculated one for the crystalline Aea2 phase at 6 GPa (black curve). The Bragg peaks can be partially indexed on the basis of a Aea2 space group with a=5.5430 Å, b=5.4011 Å, c=5.5356 Å as obtained from simulations.