



Application of a highly reconfigurable surface robotic platform for freshwater plume characterization and sampling near tidewater glacier front in Arctic critical environment

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SETTING THE PROBLEM: THE LACK OF DATA IN ARCTIC CRITICAL ENVIRONMENT



Arctic critical environment



- ✓ dynamic, sensitive and fragile area
- ✓ area difficult or impossible to reach
- ✓ phenomena strongly localized in space and time
- events not repeatable and processes not completely predictable

Lack of data is the penalizing factor in understanding freshwater outflows processes and their impact on the ecosystems







Use of **autonomous robotic platforms** for critical environments observation

SWAMP – Shallow Water Autonomous Multipurpose Platform



- overcome limitations typical of traditional surveys
- possibility to operate in very dangerous areas (very close to calving glacier fronts)
- repeatability and accuracy of the data collected, georeferencing the observations
- unique spatio-temporal resolution







SWAMP IN ACTION: THE Re-load PROJECT





Quantification of heavy metal discharge with freshwater runoff to the **Hornsund Arctic fjord** ecosystem (July and August 2022)









Sampling at three glacier fronts: Storbreen, Hornbreen and Hansbreen 📩

- Collection of samples of the freshwater outflows
- CTD and SBES data collection for a 3D characterization of the water masses and the environment





SWAMP IN ACTION: FRESHWATER PLUME SAMPLING



✓ Collection of water samples from freshwater outflow













✓ CTD data collection along the water column for the study of water masses stratification







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SWAMP IN ACTION: WATER MASSES CHARACTERIZATION



Graph of Salinity and Temperature along the water column



Water Mass	Characteristics		
	Abbreviation	Temperature (°C)	Salinity (PSU)
External			
Atlantic Water	AW	>3	>34.9
Arctic Water	ArW	–1.5 to 2	34–34.5
Internal			
Winter-cooled Water	WCW	<-0.5	>34.4
Local Water	LW	<1	
Surface Water	SW	>1	<34
Mixed			
Transformed Atlantic Water	TAW	>1	34.7-34.9
Intermediate Water	IW	>1	34–34.7

Water mass classification for Hornsund (adopted from Nilsen et al. 2008 and Promińska, et al. 2018)



Water Masses identification near glacier front BEFORE mixing with fjord water







NEXT STEP: marine robotics data «FAIR by default»

https://dynamics.folio3.com/blog/what-are-the-three-

main-goals-of-data-lifecycle-management-dlm/

CC







Questions?



Thank you for the attention!





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Credits: @radofoto





Back up slides





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MARINE ROBOTICS @ CNR-INM GENOA: THE FLEET



Roma (Headquarter) Roma – ARTOV Genoa Palermo







SWAMP – Shallow Water Autonomous Multipurpose Platform



Design, development and field testing of a new Autonomous Surface Vehicle for harsh environment

- Adaptation to critical environments: Remoteness, Difficult access, Shallow water and High risk for operators and scientists
- Portability: lightweight, small dimensions
- Reconfigurable Modular Multipurpose: able to host and easily integrate different payload for different missions













SWAMP IN ACTION: WATER MASSES CHARACTERIZATION



Water Temperature vs. Depth

0

-10

✓ CTD data collection along the water column for the study of water masses stratification







Water Mass		Characteristics		
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<u>External</u> Atlantic Water Arctic Water	AW ArW	>3 -1.5 to 2	>34.9 34–34.5	
<u>Internal</u> Winter-cooled Water Local Water Surface Water	WCW LW SW	<-0.5 <1 >1	>34.4	
<u>Mixed</u> Transformed Atlantic Water Intermediate Water	TAW IW	>1 >1	34.7–34.9 34–34.7	

Water mass classification for Hornsund (adopted from Nilsen et al. 2008 and Promińska, et al. 2018)





THE Re-load PROJECT (IO PAN)



The overall objective of this project is to assess fluxes of heavy metals discharged by freshwater (mainly meltwater from tidewater glaciers) to Hornsund fjord.

Hypothesys:

the discharge of heavy metals with glacial meltwater to marine ecosystem is the most important source of contaminants in fjord hosting tidewater glaciers



The validation of hypothesis will be implemented by measurement of **heavy metal concentrations in freshwater** and seawater, modelling of freshwater input, calculation of temporal fluxes and loads of contaminants to the fjord seawater and **assessing the risk** for marine ecosystem. The problem can be particularly relevant for semi-enclosed glacial bays with limited water exchange thus Brepollen (Hornsund) was selected for the study.

Although a proportion of heavy metals in the environment is of natural origin even up to 90% is estimated to origin from **anthropogenic activity**

NATIONAL SCIENCE CENTRE



THE Re-load PROJECT (IO PAN)



The Arctic is particularly **vulnerable to contamination**. Climate changes affect transport, deposition and transfer of contaminants to and within the Arctic.

Several heavy metals (As, Cd, Cu, Pb, Zn, Hg) considered to originate from the anthropogenic activities were suggested to wider monitoring. Unfortunately, still **no regular monitoring** is performed.

Melting glaciers can be important secondary sources of contaminants to the fjord ecosystems.



WP2. Determination of heavy metal contamination in seawater and sediments at the glacier fronts *Responsible Partner: IO PAN with participation of US*

Task 1 Field work planning and organization. Sampling at mid ablation season and at the end of ablation season. Sample collection will be conducted in cooperation with Dr Roberta Ferretti (from CNR-INM, Italy) using unmanned vehicles for autonomous sampling at the calving glaciers fronts. Samples transport to the IO PAN laboratory



To distinguish the **fraction of anthropogenic Pb** a method based on 206Pb/207Pb and separately on 208Pb/206Pb is used. It will be possible to distinguish natural and anthropogenic provenience of Pb.



NEXT STEP: marine robotics data «FAIR by default»





