

# ChemCatChem

Supporting Information

## **Selective Alkyne Semi-Hydrogenation by PdCu Nanoparticles Immobilized on Stereocomplexed Poly(lactic acid)**

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## 1. Syntheses

### 1.1. Syntheses of *l*- and *d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>

In a double-necked round-bottom flask, equipped with a condenser *l* or *d*-lactide (2.48 g, 17.23 mmol), toluene (20 mL), Sn(Oct)<sub>2</sub> (25.0 mg, 0.062 mmol) and BiPyOH (0.20 g, 1.00 mmol) were heated at 110 °C for 12 h under a nitrogen atmosphere. Afterward, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and the solvent completely removed by means of a vacuum. The crude product was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL) and upon addition of *n*-hexane (50 mL) an off-white solid powder was obtained, which was separated from solution by filtration, washed several times with *n*-hexane (3×10 mL), and dried under vacuum at room temperature for 12 h. Yield: *l*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup> (2.34 g, 94%), *d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup> (2.1 g, 84%). The molar mass (M<sub>n</sub>) of both macroligands has been determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy using the integral of the quartett at 5.23 ppm (*i.e.* repeating CH unit of PLA chain) and that at 4.37 ppm (*i.e.* CH group of the terminal lactic acid unit): *l*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>, 4140 g/mol; *d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>, 3800 g/mol <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR data correspond to that reported to the same type of macroligands featured by a longer polymer chain.<sup>[S1]</sup>

### 1.2. Syntheses of Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*l/d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) and Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*l/d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>)

Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*l/d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) was synthesized following a synthesis protocol published by some of us.<sup>[S1]</sup> Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (0.64mmol) was added to a solution of *l* or *d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup> (0.64 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL) and the resulting solution was stirred under a nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature for 6 h. Afterward the solvent was removed completely under vacuum and the slightly yellow solid was washed with diethyl ether (2 × 5 mL) and dried under vacuum.

Yield: Pd(AcO)<sub>2</sub>(*l*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>), 900 mg (82.0%); Pd(AcO)<sub>2</sub>(*d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>), 900 mg (73.2%). <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR data corresponded to that reported in the literature.<sup>[S1]</sup> XPS: Pd3d<sub>5/2</sub>, B.E. = 337.2 eV and N1s, B.E. = 399.0 eV.

Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*l/d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) was synthesized by a modified synthesis protocol due to the low solubility of Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub> in dichloromethane. Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (0.76 mmol) and *l/d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup> (0.64 mmol) were successively mixed together, milled in a porcelain mortar and then suspended in dichloromethane (10 mL), followed by stirring the suspension for 6 h at room temperature. The obtained almost clear green solution was filtered to remove excess Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub> and upon addition of *n*-hexane (50 mL), the product precipitated as a green solid, which was separated by filtration, washed several times with *n*-hexane and dried under vacuum at room temperature for 12 h.

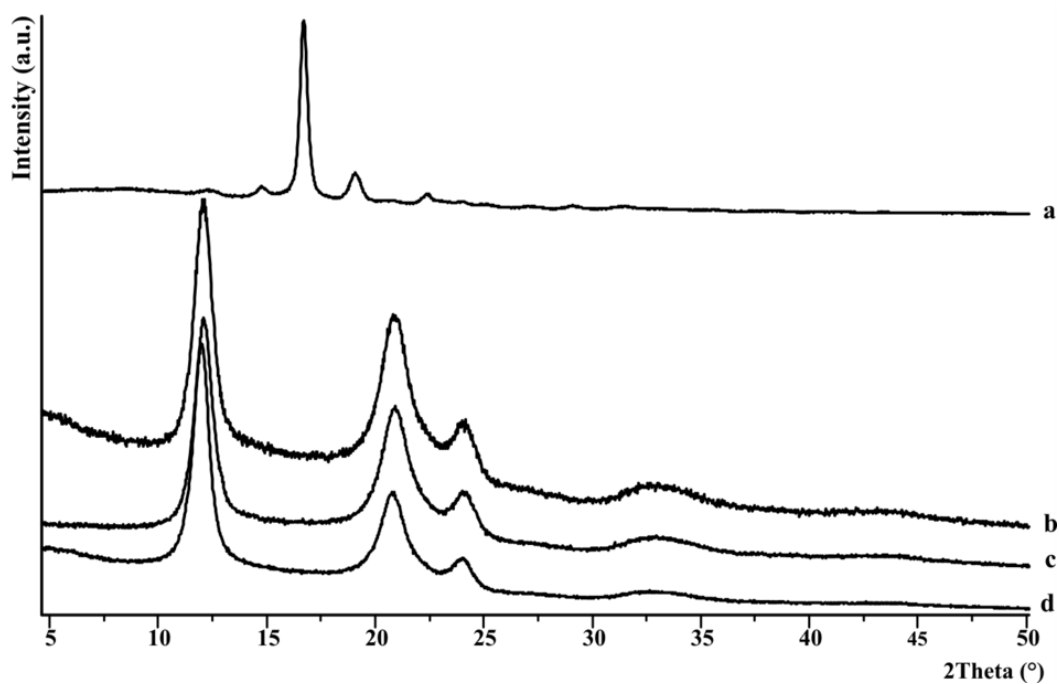
Yield: Cu(AcO)<sub>2</sub>(*l*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>), 910.0 mg (85%); Cu(AcO)<sub>2</sub>(*d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>), 910 mg (76%). XPS: Cu2p<sub>3/2</sub>, B.E. = 931.7 and 934.0 eV and N1s, B.E. = 399.0 eV.

### **1.3. Syntheses of Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) and Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>)**

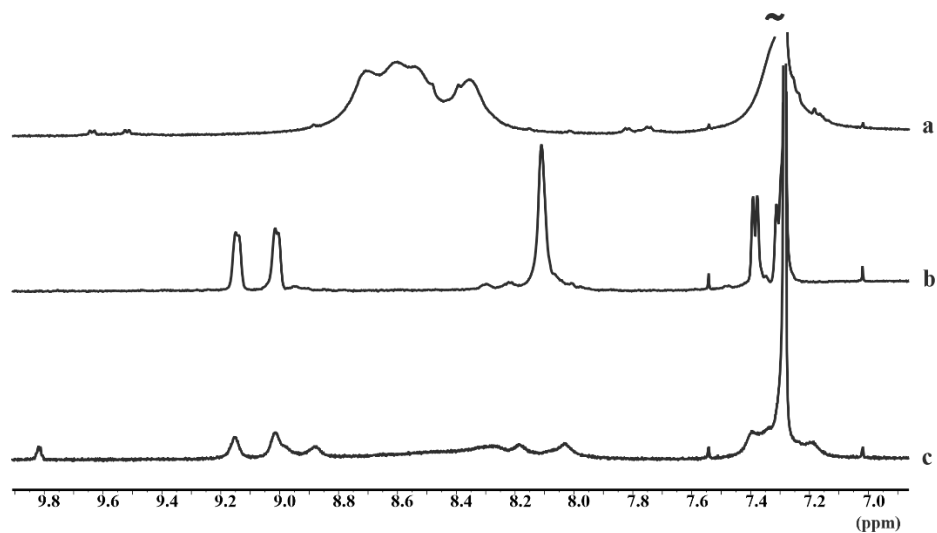
Equal amounts (200 mg) of Cu(AcO)<sub>2</sub>(*l*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) and Pd(AcO)<sub>2</sub>(*d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>), Pd(AcO)<sub>2</sub>(*l*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) and Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) as well as Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*l*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) and Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) were dissolved in dichloromethane (5 mL), mixed together and stirred at room temperature for half an hour before evaporating the solvent. Off-white solids of the stereocomplexed (*sc*) macrocomplexes Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) and Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) have been obtained in a yield range from 90 to 95%.

ICP-OES: Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>): Pd (1.35 wt%), Cu (0.85 wt%); Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>): Pd (2.61 wt%); Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>), Cu (1.71 wt%).

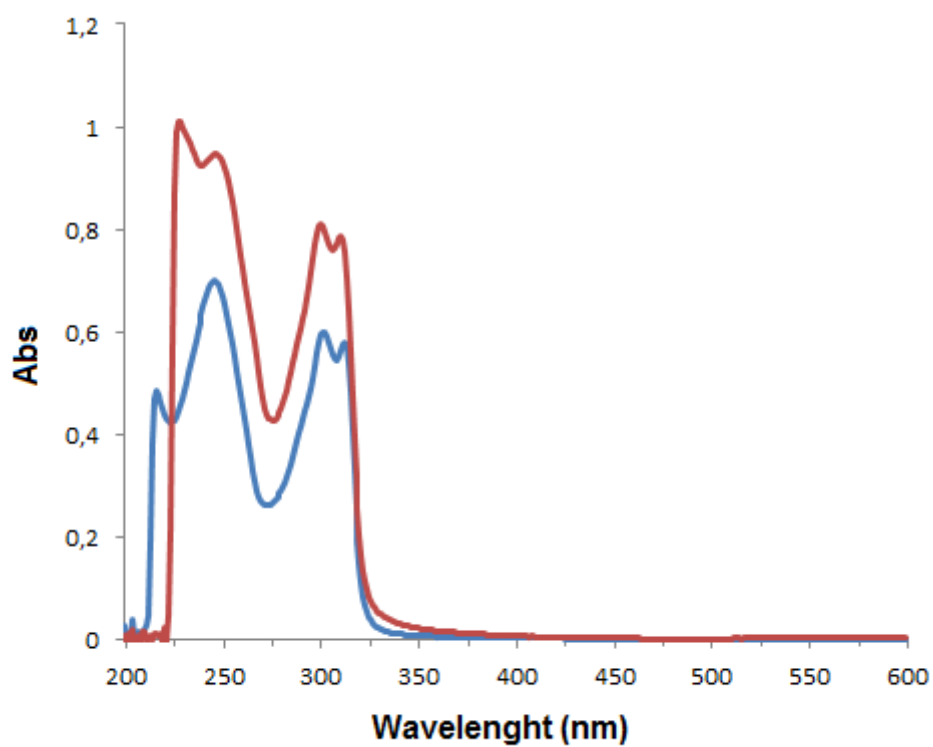
## 2. Figures



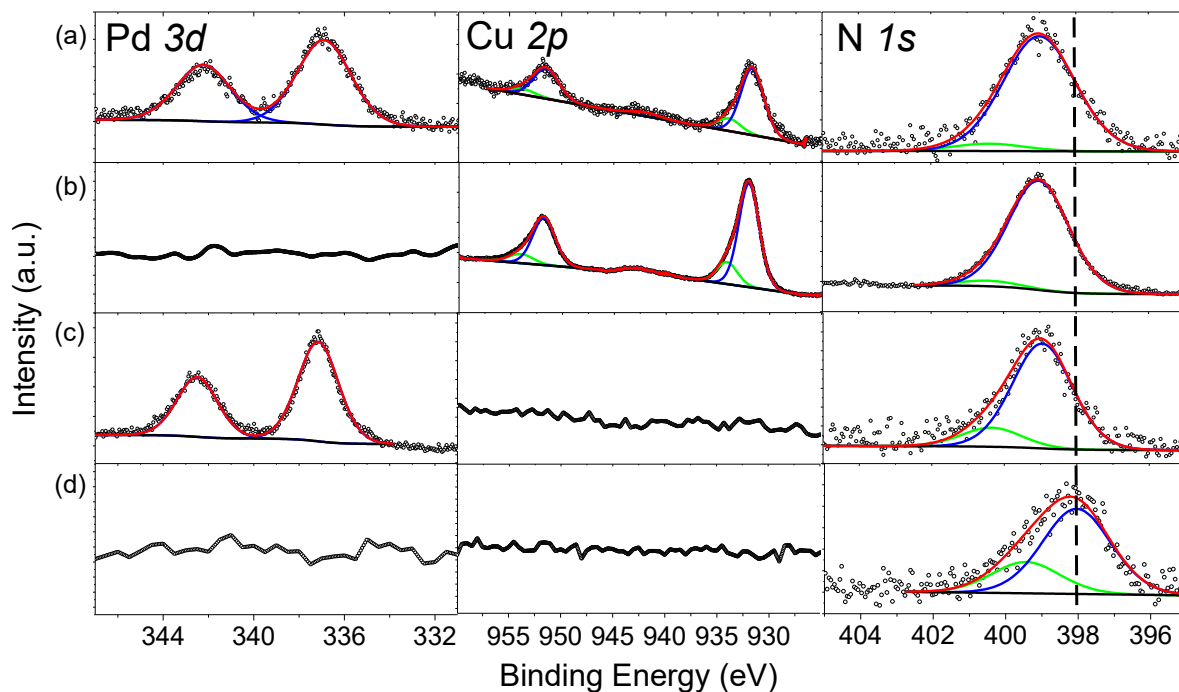
**Figure S1.** PXR D spectra for (*l/d*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) (a), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) (b), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) (c) and Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) (d).



**Figure S2.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra acquired in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at room temperature for *sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup> (a), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) (b) and Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) (c).

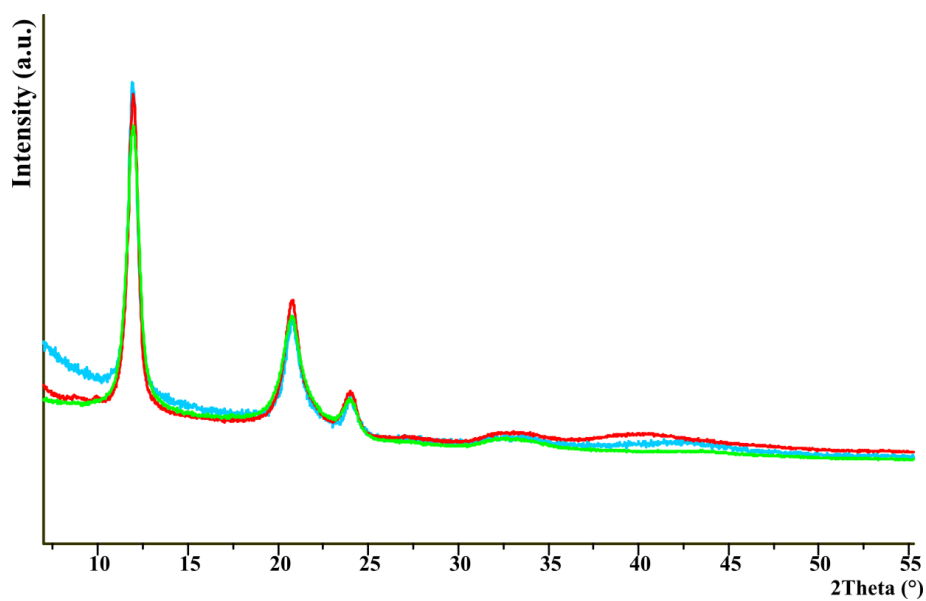


**Figure S3.** UV-vis spectra acquired in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> for Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(2,2'-bipyridine) (red trace) and Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*l*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) (blue trace).

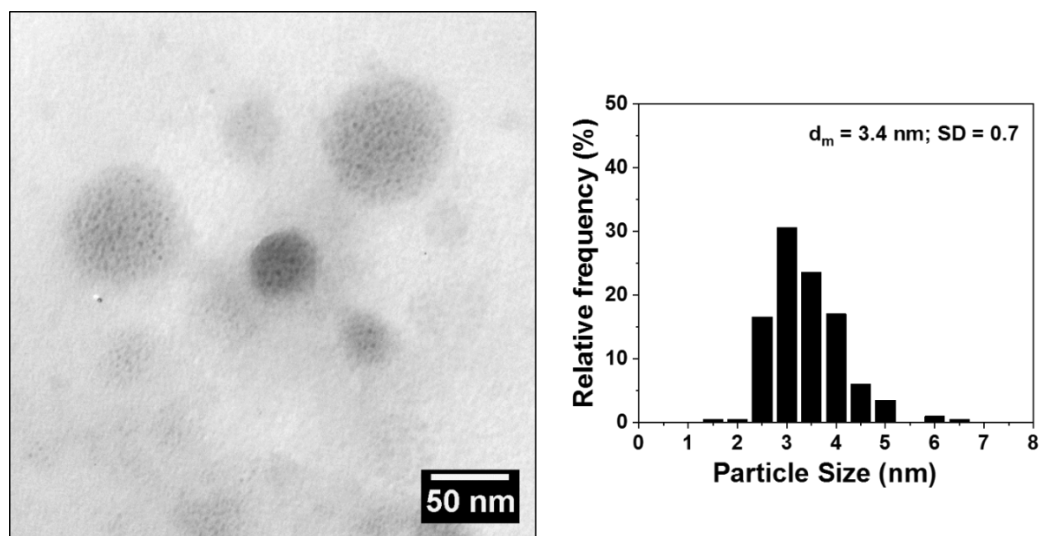


**Figure S4.** XPS spectra acquired in the Pd3d, Cu2p and N1s regions for Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>/Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*sc*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) (a), Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*l*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) (b), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>(*l*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup>) (c) and *l*-PLA<sup>BiPy</sup> (d).

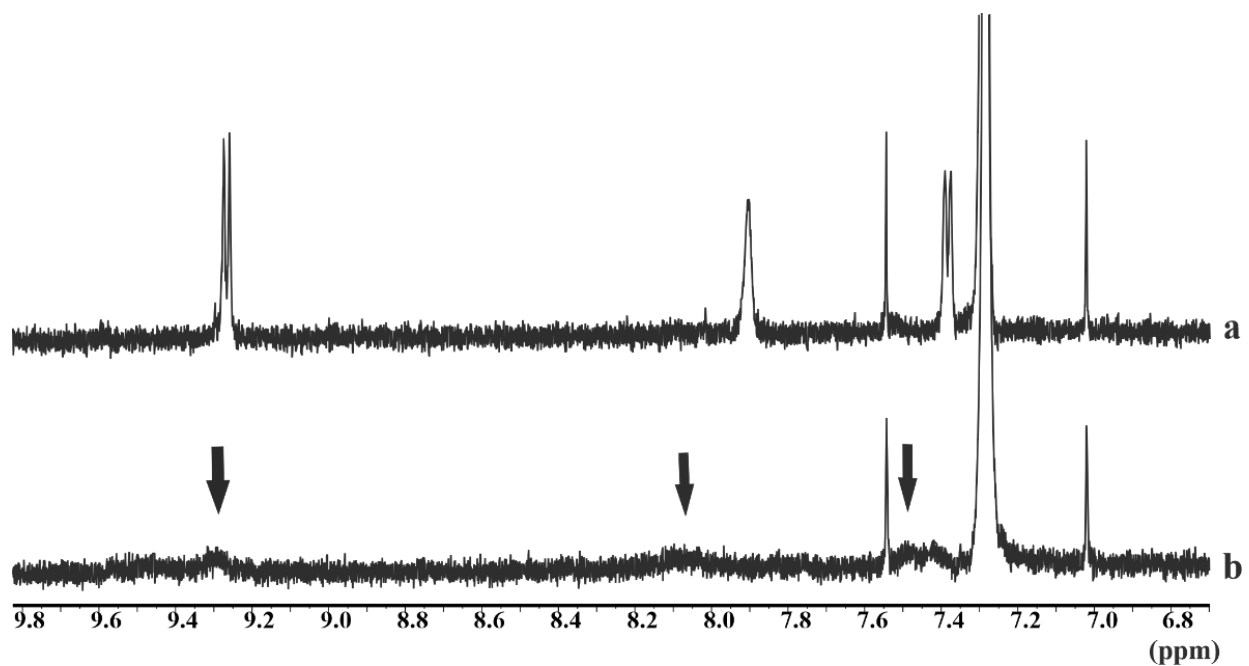
Compound	Pd3d <sub>5/2</sub> B.E. (eV) [Pd(II) (%)]	Cu2p <sub>3/2</sub> B.E. (eV) [Cu(II) (%)]	N 1s B.E. (eV)	Pd/Cu atomic ratio	(Pd+Cu)/N atomic ratio
<i>l</i> -PLA <sup>BiPy</sup>			398.0	-	-
Pd(OAc) <sub>2</sub> /Cu(OAc) <sub>2</sub> ( <i>sc</i> -PLA <sup>BiPy</sup> )	336.8 [100]	931.7, 933.8 [16]	399.0	0.9	0.3
Pd(OAc) <sub>2</sub> ( <i>l</i> -PLA <sup>BiPy</sup> )	337.2 [100]	-	399.0	-	0.5
Cu(OAc) <sub>2</sub> ( <i>l</i> -PLA <sup>BiPy</sup> )	-	931.7, 934.0 [17.5]	399.0	-	0.6
[PdCu]-as synthesized	337.0/334.3 [58]	931.1, 933.9 [23]	398.7	0.1	0.5
[Pd]	337.0/334.4 [74]	-	398.8	-	0.6
[Cu]	-	931.4, 933.8 [26]	398.7	-	0.6
[PdCu]-recovered	336.8/334.2 [47]	931.5, 933.9 [32.5]	398.7	0.2	0.5



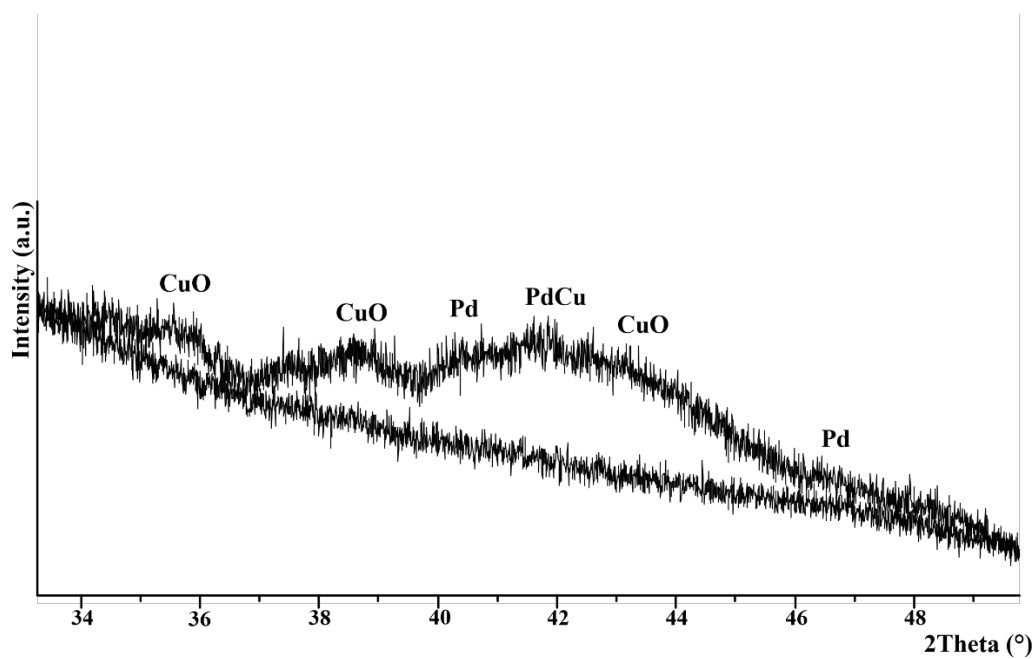
**Figure S5.** PXRD spectra for [PdCu] (blue trace), [Pd] (red trace) and [Cu] (green trace).



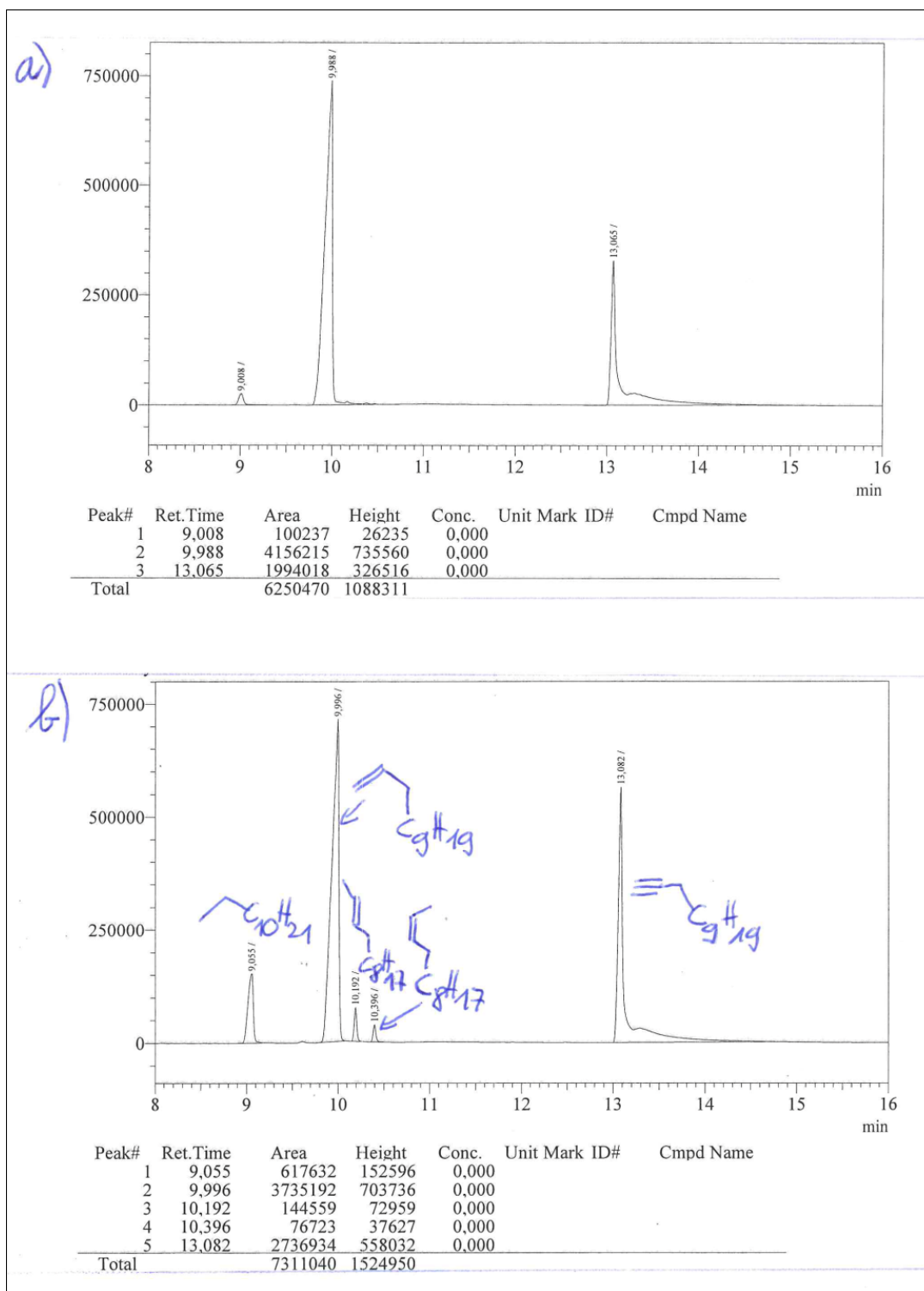
**Figure S6.** TEM micrograph and histogram of the particle size distribution in [Cu].



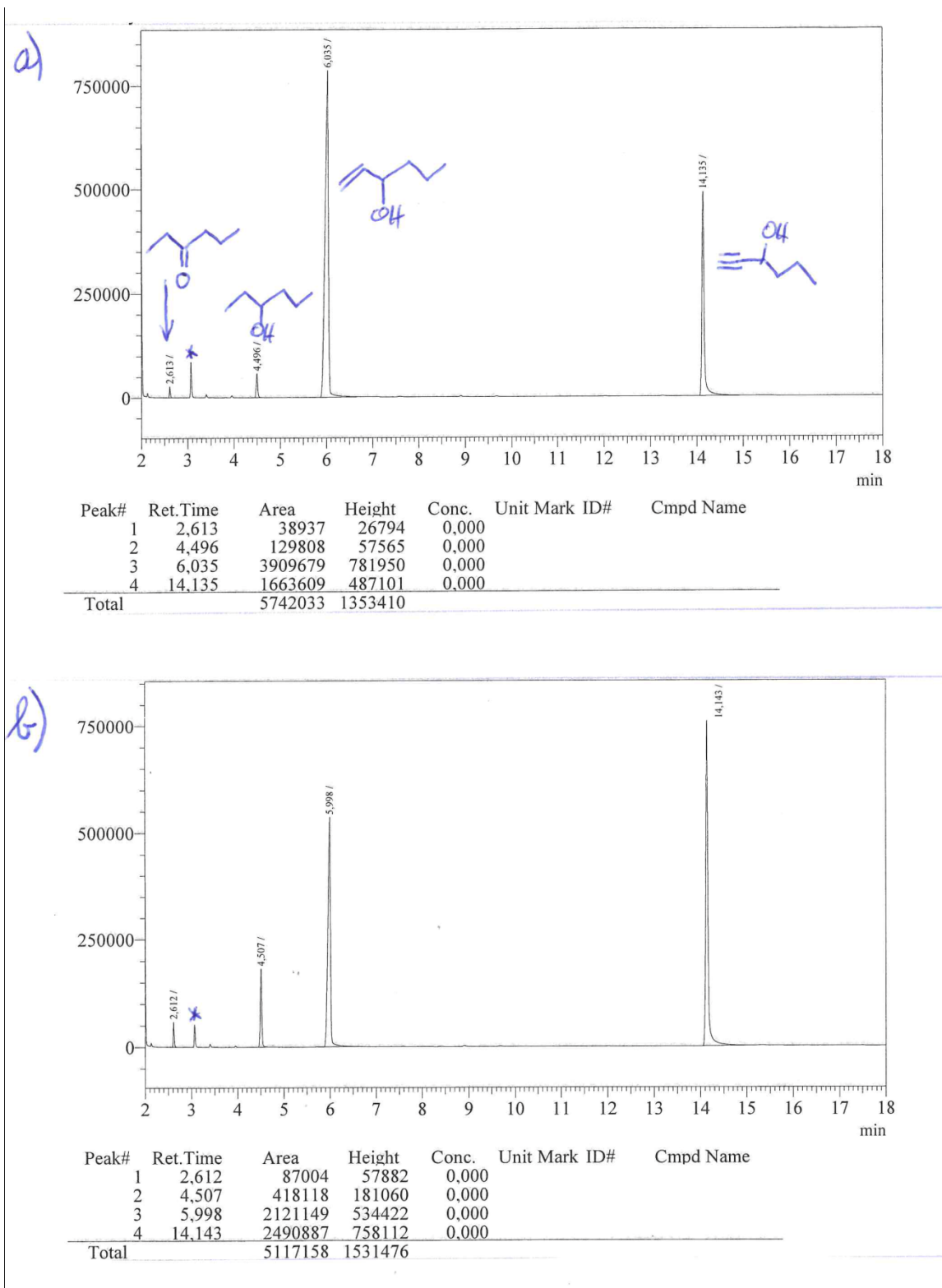
**Figure S7.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra acquired in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  for **[Pd]** (a) and **[PdCu]** (b).



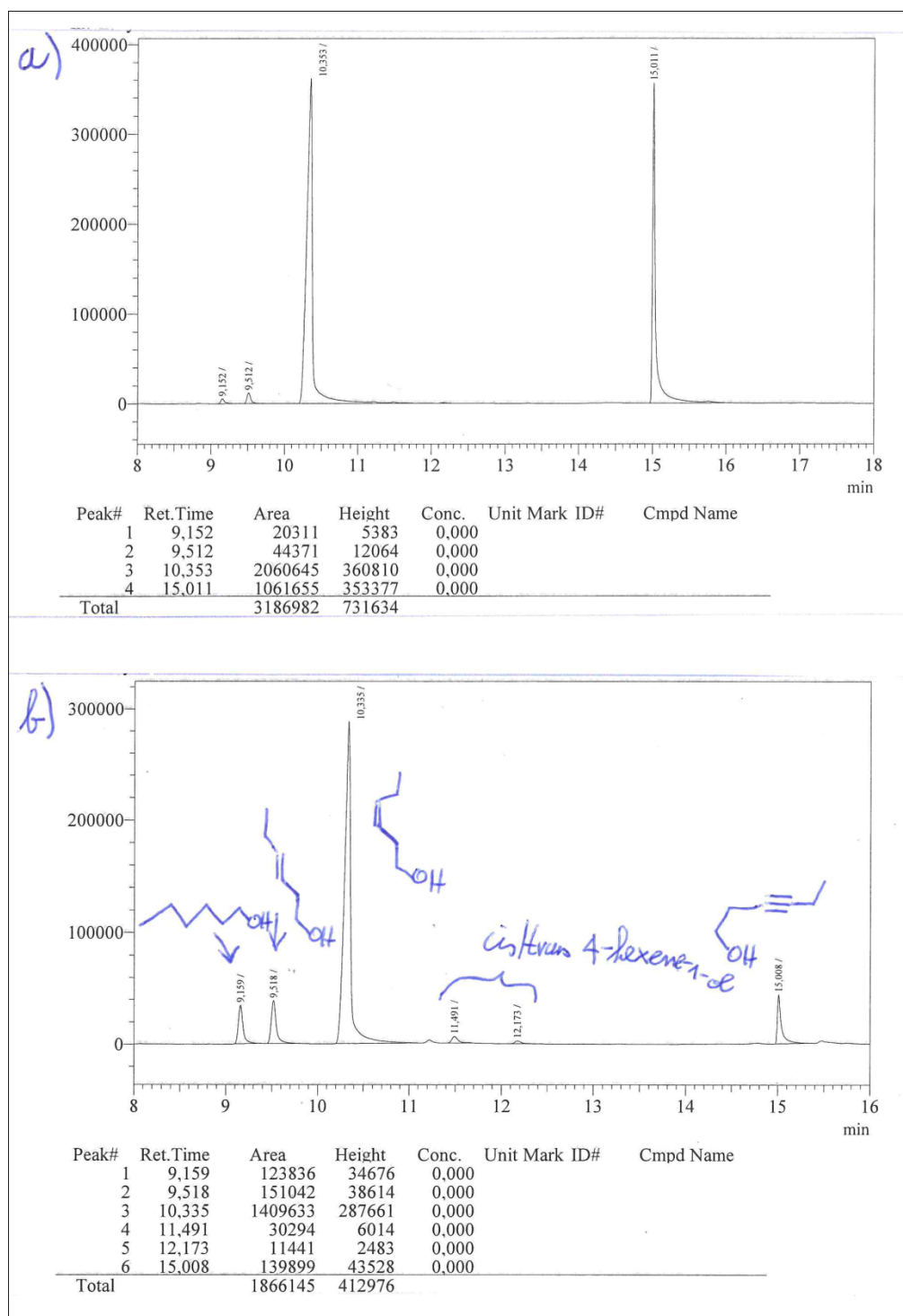
**Figure S8.** PXRD spectra acquired in the  $2\theta$  range  $33\text{--}50^\circ$  for a 1:1 mixture of  $\text{Pd}(\text{OAc})_2(d\text{-PLA}^{\text{BiPy}})$  and  $\text{Cu}(\text{OAc})_2(d\text{-PLA}^{\text{BiPy}})$  (lower trace) and after treatment with hydrogen in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (upper trace).



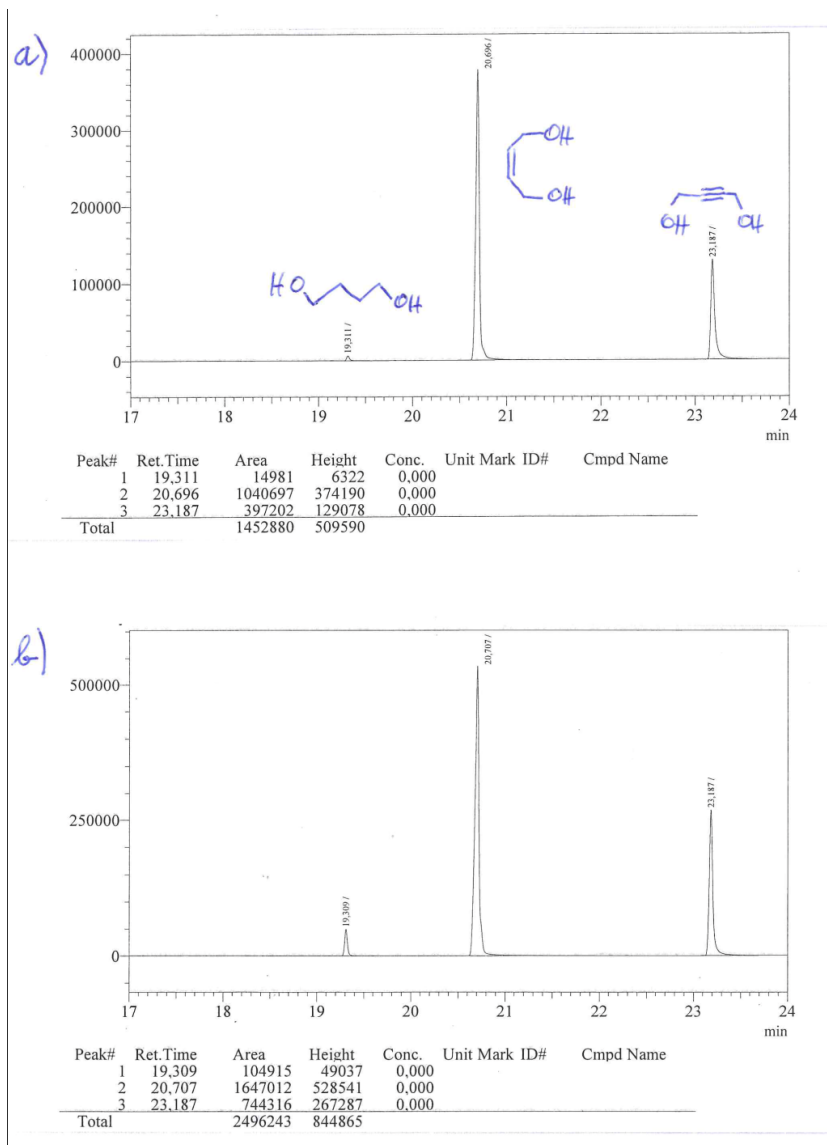
**Figure S9.** Gas chromatograms acquired for [PdCu] (a) and [Pd] (b) catalyzed 1-dodecyne hydrogenation reactions conducted in EtOH.



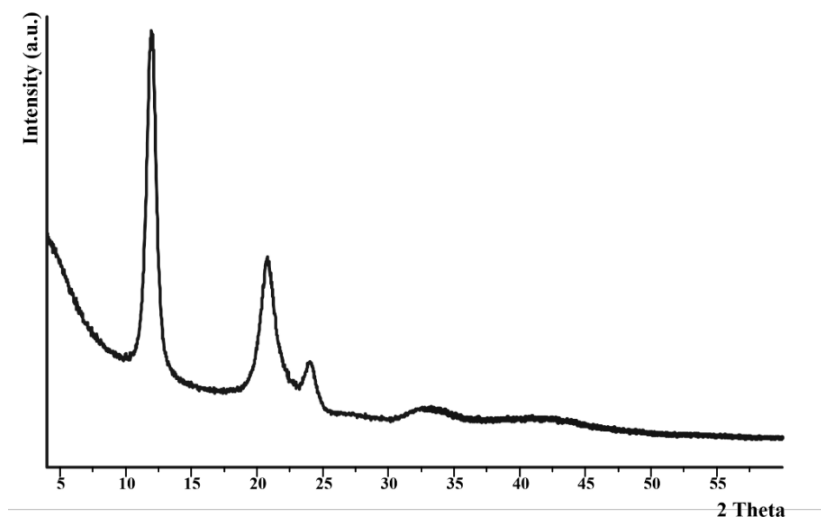
**Figure S10.** Gas chromatograms acquired for [PdCu] (a) and [Pd] (b)-catalyzed 1-hexyn-3-ol hydrogenation reactions conducted in EtOH. Asterisk denotes an impurity present in purchased 1-hexyn-3-ol.



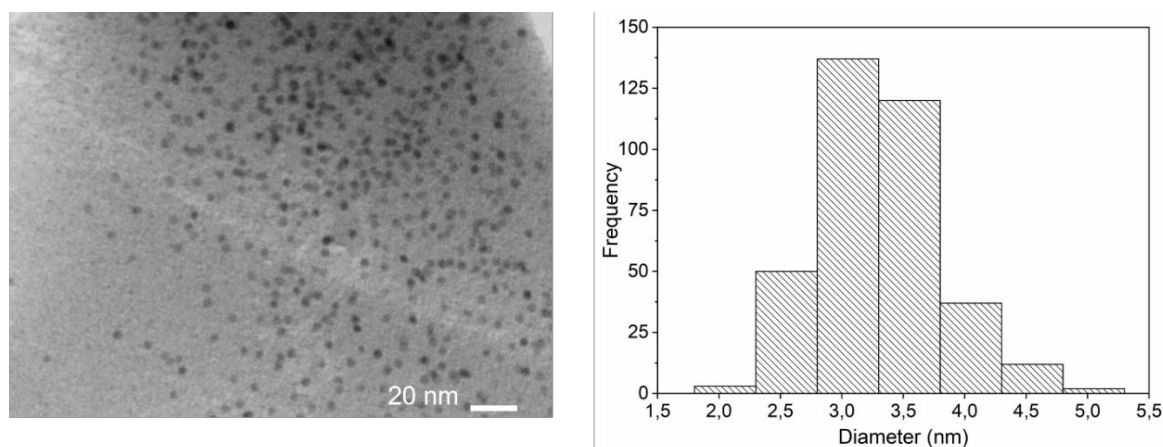
**Figure S11.** Gas chromatograms acquired for [PdCu] (a)- and [Pd] (b)-catalyzed 3-hexyn-1-diol hydrogenation reactions conducted in EtOH.



**Figure S12.** Gas chromatograms acquired for [PdCu] (a)- and [Pd] (b)-catalyzed 2-butyn-1,4-diol hydrogenation reactions conducted in EtOH.



**Figure S13.** PXRD spectrum acquired for recovered **[PdCu]** (after the fourth catalytic cycle).



### 3. References

[S1] a) W. Oberhauser, C. Evangelisti, R. P. Jumde, G. Petrucci, M. Bartoli, M. Frediani, M. Mannini, L. Capozzoli, E. Passaglia, L. Rosi, *J. Catal.* **2015**, *330*, 187-196; b) M. Frediani, W. Oberhauser, L. Rosi, M. Bartoli, E. Passaglia, L. Capozzoli, *Rend. Fis. Acc. Lincei* **2017**, *28*, S51-S58; c) G. Petrucci, W. Oberhauser, M. Bartoli, G. Giachi, M. Frediani, E. Passaglia, L. Capozzoli, L. Rosi, *Appl. Catal. A: Gen.* **2014**, *469*, 132-138.